

**Table 2:** Thyroid cancer incidence rates in Serbia, per 100,000 residents, for both genders, during the period 1999-2008.

<b>Age group</b>	<b>0-19</b>	<b>20-29</b>	<b>30-39</b>	<b>40-49</b>	<b>50-59</b>	<b>60-69</b>	<b>70+</b>	<b>All ages</b>	
<b>Years</b>								<b>CR</b>	<b>AAR</b>
1999	0.15	0.27	1.12	2.64	4.27	4.34	3.43	2.02	1.37
2000	0.24	0.27	1.56	3.15	2.39	4.29	4.56	2.08	1.40
2001	0.40	1.08	3.57	2.96	5.68	4.84	4.56	2.94	2.15
2002	0.33	1.49	2.73	1.92	5.44	4.67	2.89	2.51	1.87
2003	0.16	2.02	1.72	3.49	4.98	3.95	4.40	2.68	1.92
2004	0.16	1.88	2.87	4.62	5.52	5.37	4.24	3.19	2.31
2005	0.25	0.94	2.97	3.06	5.57	4.14	5.57	2.93	1.99
2006	0.34	1.49	5.46	3.81	4.81	7.14	5.47	3.66	2.65
2007	0.09	1.50	3.60	5.12	10.26	9.56	7.37	4.88	3.21
2008	0.26	1.37	3.16	6.58	7.80	7.34	6.25	4.30	2.96
Whole period	0.24	1.23	2.88	3.74	5.67	5.56	4.87	3.12	2.18

ASR: age specific incidence rate, CR: crude incidence rate, AAR: age adjusted incidence rate (according to Segi's world population).